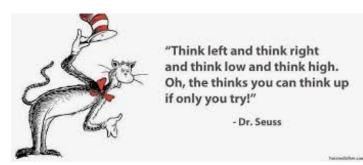
### A. Attention Getter...ideas:

- 1. Movies or books: use commonly known books or movies to illuminate the topic. Example: violent, popular movie may lead to violence in society
- 2. **quotation:** illuminate the topic by finding a powerful quotation that relates to your topic. It must be different than the topic quotation.
- **3. human example:** if you have *plenty* of information in your speech, you can use a person's life as an example. It is best to use a well-known person as an example.
- 4. **Dersonal story:** be careful of using this option too much. The story must relate to the quotation and be interesting to all. It must be appropriate.
- 5. gimmick: <u>BEWARE</u>...this can be a risky technique if not used correctly.



| → 이드l 드l 중 이 이 데 @l 드l | <b>A</b><br><b>A</b> ttention<br>Getter | -HOOK your audience. Use the attention getting suggestions or one of your own to get the listeners thinking  WITHOUT saying the quote or comic.   |
|------------------------|---|---|
|                        | <b>R</b> eaad quote or<br>comic         | -After giving your attention getter, READ the quotation (or summarize the cartoon) & state the author's name.   |
|                        | <b>M</b><br>Meaning~<br>Methodology     | WHAT'S THE POINT? You explain to your audience what your interpretation of the quotation (or comic) is. Don't assume you have the same interpretation as everyone else.                 |
|                        | Preview 3 Points                        | List the 3 main points. Try to make it as natural as possible. (Ex. "In order to understand this quotation, we will look towards the lives of George Washington, Madonna, and Snoopy"). |
|                        | Inverted~<br>In Reverse                 | GO BACKWARDS: "put in the opposite position, order, or arrangement"   |
|                        | <b>T</b> ie back to attention<br>getter | Bring it full circle and back to the attention getter.  |



# Body: THINK in THREES

| A. Problem cause/ solution:             | when using this strategy, be sure to keep the problem and cause separate. The process is as follows:  1. Examine problem relating to quotation.  2. Figure out what caused problem.  3. Discuss how to solve problems. |
|---|--|
| B. past/<br>present/future              | focus on these points: 1. historical background relating to quotation: past 2. current problem: present 3. possible future solutions: future   |
| C. 3 people                             | take three people from diverse backgrounds and show how their lives prove the quotation true or false. Remember to constantly link back to the topic.  |
| D. 3 areas                              | this is similar to the 3 people structure. You look at how the quotation is is true in a number of different professions. Example: You could use politics, entertainment, and education to prove your point.           |
| E. local/<br>national/<br>international | this structure is effective when dealing with a problem that affects all 3 levels. How does it affect Montana, the U.S., and the world?  |
|   |  |

### Introduction

- Attention Getter
- -Read quote
- **M**ethodology/what it

Means

# Body

- -Preview
- -3 Points



## Conclusion

- -Inverse
  - ~ Review 3 point
  - ~What it meant
  - ~Re-read quote
- -Tie back to attention getter

# Eye contact

Vocal expression

#### Time

"Wisdom is the reward you get for a lifetime of listening when you would rather have talked"

Mark Twain



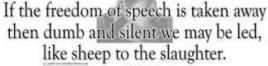
It usually takes me more than three weeks to prepare a good impromptu speech.

Mark Twain



People demand freedom of speech as a compensation for the freedom of thought which they seldom use.

Soren Kierkegaard



George Washington

1732 - 1799



"Books were my pass to personal freedom. I learned to read at age three, and soon discovered there was a whole world to conquer that went beyond our farm in Mississippi."

Oprah Winfrey

